## Giacomo Meyerbeer – Semiramide (2007)



1. Sinfonia & Act I 1. Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Sinfonia 2. Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 1. Dall'Olimo a noi scende 3. Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 1. March Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 1. Dalla Sarmazia 5. Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 1. Deh, sospendi la scelta 6. Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 1. Sogno o son desto? Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 1. Sperai su questa sponda 8. Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 1. Amico, in rivederti 9. Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 1. Siam soli, or parterà 10. Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 1. Ella è la fiamma mia 11. Semiramide riconsciuto. opera: Act 1. La scaltrezza che va! 12. Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 1. Che farò! 13. Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 1. Udrai di strage orribile 14. Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 1. Egli morrà 15. Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 1. Più non si tardi Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 1. Il piacer, la gioja scenda 17. Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 1. In lucido cristallo 18. Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 1. Qual sorpresa Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 1. Di gioja, di pace Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 1. Mora l'Indo audace 2. Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 1. Ah, balena, minaccia sdegnato 3. Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 2. Mirteo non lusingarti 4. Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 2. D'un genio che m'accende 5. Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 2. Vieni Sibari / E dove? 6. Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 2. Barbaro non dolerti 7. Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 2. Crudele! Morir mi vedi 8. Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 2. Cedi il ferro 9. Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 2. Io prigionier! 10. Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 2. Quando ti deggio, amico Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 2. Ah, più soffrir non voglio 12. Semiramide riconsciuto. opera: Act 2. Nol voglio udir 13. Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 2. lo partir? Chi l'impone? 14. Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 2. Parti; de' cenni miei 15. Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 2. Ove s'asconde? 16. Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 2. Mirteo, per quanto io tardi 17. Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 2. Non temere 18. Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 2. A forza io passerò 19. Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 2. Se non nacqui 20. Semiramide riconsciuto, opera: Act 2. Alma grande

Performer: Clara Polito, Eufemia Tufano, Aldo Caputo, Federico Sacchi, Stefania Grasso, Roberto De Biasio, Orchestra Internazionale d'Italia Slovak Choir of Bratislava Rani Calderon – director

## Giacomo Meyerbeer – Semiramide (2007)

Wpisany przez bluesever Piątek, 12 Sierpień 2011 10:43 - Zmieniony Niedziela, 23 Luty 2014 12:58

Giacomo Meyerbeer (5 September 1791 – 2 May 1864) was a noted German opera composer, and the first great exponent of "grand opera." At his peak in the 1830s and 1840s, he was the most famous and successful composer of opera in Europe, yet he is rarely performed today.

The vitriolic campaign of Richard Wagner against Meyerbeer was to a great extent responsible for the decline of Meyerbeer's popularity after his death in 1864. This campaign was as much a matter of personal spite as of racism - Wagner had learnt a great deal from Meyerbeer and indeed Wagner's early opera Rienzi (1842) has, facetiously, been called 'Meyerbeer's most successful work'. Meyerbeer supported the young Wagner, both financially and in obtaining a production of Rienzi at Dresden.

However, Wagner resented Meyerbeer's continuing success at a time when his own vision of German opera had little chance of prospering. After the May Uprising in Dresden of 1849, Wagner was for some years a political refugee facing a prison sentence or worse in Saxony. During this period when he was gestating his Ring cycle, he had few sources of income apart from journalism and benefactors, and little opportunity of getting his own works performed. The success of Le prophète sent Wagner over the edge, and he was also deeply envious of Meyerbeer's wealth. After Meyerbeer's death Wagner reissued his 1850 essay Das Judenthum in der Musik (Judaism in Music), in 1868, in an extended form, with a far more explicit attack on Meyerbeer. This version was under Wagner's own name - for the first version he had sheltered behind a pseudonym - and as Wagner had by now a far greater reputation, his views obtained far wider publicity.

These attacks on Meyerbeer (which also included a swipe at Felix Mendelssohn) are regarded by Paul Lawrence Rose as a significant milestone in the growth of German anti-Semitism.

Meyerbeer's costly operas, requiring grand casts of leading singers, were gradually dropped from the repertoire in the early 20th century. They were banned by the Nazi regime because the composer was Jewish, and this was a major factor in their further disappearance from the repertory. However, the operas are now beginning to be regularly revived and recorded, although (despite the efforts of such champions as Dame Joan Sutherland, who took part in performances of, and recorded, Les Huguenots) they have yet to achieve anything like the huge popular following they attracted during their creator's lifetime.

Amongst reasons often adduced for the dearth of modern productions are the scale of Meyerbeer's more ambitious works and the cost of mounting them, as well as the alleged lack

## Giacomo Meyerbeer – Semiramide (2007)

Wpisany przez bluesever Piątek, 12 Sierpień 2011 10:43 - Zmieniony Niedziela, 23 Luty 2014 12:58

of virtuoso singers capable of doing justice to Meyerbeer's demanding music. However, recent successful productions of some of the major operas at relatively small centres such as Strasbourg (L'Africaine, 2004) and Metz (Les Huguenots, 2004) show that this conventional wisdom is not unchallengeable.

download: uploaded yandex 4shared mediafire solidfiles mega filecloudio

back