

Danny Elfman – Violin Concerto 'Eleven Eleven' and Piano Quartet (2019)

Wpisany przez bluesever (Bogdan Marszałkowski)
Piątek, 30 Kwiecień 2021 11:34 -

Danny Elfman – Violin Concerto 'Eleven Eleven' and Piano Quartet Berlin (2019)



Violin Concerto 'Eleven Eleven' 1 *I. Grave. Animato* 14:06 2 *II. Spietato* 10:25 3 *III. Fantasma* 9:55 4 *IV. Giacoso. Lacrimae* 10:12 Piano Quartet 5 *I. Ein Ding* 6:29 6 *II. Kinderspott* 4:50 7 *III. Duett Für Vier* 3:30 8 *IV. Ruhig* 1:40 9 *V. Die Wolfsjungen* 4:15
Sandy Cameron - violin Royal Scottish National Orchestra John Mauceri - conductor
Philharmonic Piano Quartet Berlin: Markus Groh - piano Andreas Buschatz - violin Matthew Hunter - viola Knut Weber - cello

Like a Russian master of the Romantic - but with grooveHollywood meets Stravinsky and Tchaikovsky: film composer Danny Elfman writes free-form musicA highly distinctive master of movie soundtracks to release his first violin concerto"Every child knows his melodies." You'll normally only hear this about rock stars. But Danny Elfman is a composer of film music. Yet, who doesn't know how to whistle the theme from The Simpsons? Or the driving sound of Beetlejuice devised by Elfman in 1988, which became a hallmark for the comedy-fantasy film genre and for video games.

Elfman provided the film score for nearly all movies directed by Tim Burton, invented the cinematic sound for Spider Man and Men in Black and came up with the main theme for Desperate Housewives. Hailing from Los Angeles and already a member of an avant-garde ensemble by the age of 19, Elfman has established himself as a fixture among the greatest film composers alongside Hans Zimmer or John Williams. However, among the soundtrack masters Elfman stands out for the distinctive character he lends his scores. With him, tubas and trombones play at a breakneck speed and violins are put through Paganini-like paces. And every soundtrack has its own unique idea which captivates the imagination of moviegoers over and over again. Elfman has long felt that he had more to give than the music of his film soundtracks. "I don't merely want to write music that is free from the influence of films," he says. "Instead, it's a compelling need."

For several years he has given this urge free rein and composes a work of New Music each year. But only now has his composing reached a new level which is astonishing for the music world: Two years ago the Prague orchestra requested that he compose a violin concerto for Sandy Cameron. Elfman responded by composing the concerto as his first freestanding orchestral work. That he loves the late Romantic idiom and especially its masters shines through clearly in the violin concerto. But here it's more like Tchaikovsky and Prokofiev have run into the groove of Beetlejuice.

The opening movement of his violin concerto "Eleven Eleven" already has a surprise in store with a remarkably complex sound - those only expecting sound effects from a film composer should look elsewhere. Initially, a number of sparing lines flow softly into each other, reminiscent of Samuel Barber or the famous late Metamorphosen by Richard Strauss. Elfman's music takes listeners by the hand and draws them deeper and deeper into a fairytale world - and then the virtuoso violin soars to dizzying heights. Only later when bells and low brass come in can a sense of Hollywood pomp be felt. But of course in this case it's a master musician referencing his own background with subtle irony. However, this music is always dancing along the boundary between Late Romantic music and the emergence of atonal music over a hundred years ago. Today, this has an exceptionally invigorating effect.

The big question about what direction classical music would take, which Mahler, Schoenberg and others were wrestling with, finds a new answer in this music once again. This time brimming over with joy and playful energy - but just as complex and smart. Elfman's second work on this new release is merely entitled "Piano Quartet," and also has movement titles such as "Kinderspott" (Scorn of Children) or "Die Wolfsjungen" (The Wild Boys). As a piano quartet it makes a nod to Robert Schumann but also to the second flowering of New Music in Germany - for Wolfgang Rihm, too, adds illustrative titles to the movements of his chamber music works.

Elfman's tonal language reveals his profound knowledge of musical tradition, and also his musical sense of humor. In "Kinderspott" he uses melodies from rhymes children sing to taunt each other, such as "Selber, Selber" (same to you). And that of all things is transmuted it into a fullness of texture that would have turned Stravinsky's head. In the 20th and 21st centuries, film music is the art form of choice for retelling the history of music. Moviegoers are very willing listeners who surrender themselves to their feelings while also wanting to expand their notion of what music is. Elfman understands this and plays with it. ---hbdirect.com

Danny Elfman – Violin Concerto 'Eleven Eleven' and Piano Quartet (2019)

Wpisany przez bluesever (Bogdan Marszałkowski)
Piątek, 30 Kwiecień 2021 11:34 -

American composer Danny Elfman is no stranger to orchestration, having composed scores for more than 100 films including Pee-Wee's Big Adventure and most of Tim Burton's outfit (not to mention the theme for The Simpsons). He was also the lead singer of the rock band Oingo Boingo. Despite this impressive track record, he was more or less spontaneously seized by a desire to write abstract orchestral music, and this 2019 release provided the first fruits of the impulse. Generally speaking, ventures into abstract music by film composers have yielded less-than-impressive results. Yet rules have exceptions, and Elfman, apparently feeling his way according to his own notes for the album, has managed a considerable achievement right out of the gate. The trick seems to be that he neither discards his cinematic influences nor writes a film score with the themes lightly strung together. The Violin Concerto "Eleven Eleven" -- so called because its score contains 1,111 measures (and Elfman's own name contains the German word for "11") -- has any number of cinematic moments, but it is also impressive in terms of overall form. It has four movements of substantial size (there is no concession whatsoever to the moderate-length tendency of crossover works), and the layout is unusual, with outer neo-Romantic movements flanking more dissonant central ones. Most striking of all is Elfman's integration of the solo violin into his overall concept. Certainly he has written for solo violin before in film scores, but the coherence of the solo-tutti configuration here is nothing short of amazing when you consider that Elfman has never before attempted anything like this. Part of the success is due to violinist Sandy Cameron, for whom the work was written; she has clearly taken the time to know it well, and reports of her live performances of the work promise much. Sample the finale, which begins with impish Shostakovich-like vigor, then gradually loses heart and ends in full-blown melancholy. The concerto is full of the unusual orchestral effects (such as percussive double bass hits) that one would expect from Elfman, but in the other work on the program, the Piano Quartet, he does not have much recourse to these. It's a trifle less original than the concerto, but it's full of lovely tunes. An astounding debut. ---James Manheim, AllMusic Review

download (mp3 @320 kbs):

[yandex](#) [mediafire](#) [ulozto](#) [solidfiles](#) [global.files](#) [workupload](#)

[back](#)